

応用力強化シート  2年 No. 8	年 組 番	/12 問	学習日
	氏名		月 日 ( ) 回目

1 次の(1)～(3)の英文の( )に当てはまる語を下のア～エの中から一つずつ選び、その記号を書きなさい。(4)の( )には適切な語を1語書きなさい。

(1) He came to my house ( ) me.

かれ彼は私に会うために家に来ました。

ア seeing イ to see ウ saw エ to saw

(1)	
-----	--

(2) Could you come ( ) me?

私を助けに来てくれませんか。

ア help to イ will help ウ to help エ helping

(2)	
-----	--

(3)	
-----	--

(4)	
-----	--

(3) I am surprised ( ) that. おどろそれを聞いて驚きました。

ア listen to イ to listen ウ hearing エ to hear

(4) I came to Paris ( ) study music. 私は音楽の勉強のためにパリに来ました。

2 ミク(Miku)とシーマ(Seema)が教室で話をしています。次の英文を読んで、(1)、(2)の各問いに答えなさい。\*がついている語については、(注)を参考にしなさい。

“Are you listening to me, Miku? Your eyes are almost \*closed,” Seema sighed.

Miku and Seema are good friends. Now they are talking in their classroom after lunch. “Sorry, Seema,” Miku said. “I’m tired today.”

“OK, sleepy Miku. Did you stay up late last night again?” Seema grinned.

“I can’t \*lie to you. Yesterday I went to the library to do my homework, but I found an interesting book. After I came home, I \*turned on the computer to do the homework, but I found a funny \*site.”

“And you are \*still \*working on it!” Seema started to laugh.

“I know! I stay up late like this every day,” Miku laughed, too.

“But you should \*stop it. Look at this.” Seema \*took out a book. “This is about \*sleeping time in different countries.” Seema \*pointed at \*table 1. “It shows that Japanese people stay up late. Now look at table 2. They get up early, too.”

“Japan is in the top 10 in \*both of tables!” Miku was surprised.

“Right. You can see that in the \*figure 1, too. This book also says Japanese junior high school students need more \*sleep. When you don’t sleep much, you will \*feel heavy, you may become sick, and you can \*get hurt.”

“That’s too bad. Now I should go home to get some sleep,” Miku sighed.

“After Ms. Allen’s English class.” Seema \*stood up to get her textbook.

(注) closed : 閉じた lie : うそ嘘をつく turn on : 電源をつける site : サイト still : まだ work on : 取り組む stop : やめる take out : 取り出す sleeping time : しゅうしん就寝時間 point at : 指し示す table : 表 both : 両方 figure : 図 sleep : すいみん睡眠 feel heavy : 気分が重い・だるい get hurt : けがをする stood : stand の過去形

Table 1

What time do you go to bed?

*rank	*country	12:00~ 1:00a.m.	after 1:00a.m.
1	Portugal	47	28
2	Taiwan	34	35
3	Korea	43	25
4	Hong Kong	35	31
5	Spain	45	20
6	Japan	34	26
7	Singapore	27	27
8	Malaysia	40	14
9	Thailand	24	19
10	Italy	29	10

(%)

Table 2

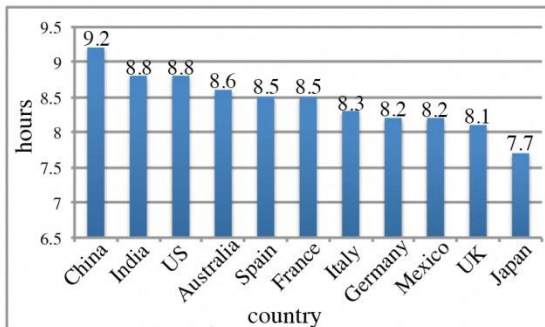
What time do you get up?

rank	country	before 6:00a.m.	6:00~ 7:00a.m.
1	Indonesia	72	19
2	Vietnam	55	33
3	Philippine	41	28
4	Denmark	21	45
5	Germany	29	26
6	Australia	25	29
7	India	24	40
8	Japan	21	43
9	Finland	20	43
10	Norway	21	41

(%)

Figure 1

How long do you sleep?



(注) rank : 順位 country : 国名

(1) 次の英文が本文の内容と一致する場合は○を、一致しない場合は×を書きなさい。

- ① Seema is sleepy today.
- ② Miku stayed up late last night.
- ③ Japanese people stay up late.
- ④ Japanese people don't get up early.
- ⑤ When you don't sleep much, you will be happy.

①	
②	
③	
④	
⑤	

(2) 本文の内容に関する次の質問に対して最も適切な答えを下のア～エの中からそれぞれ一つずつ選び、その記号を書きなさい。

- ① What was Miku doing yesterday?  
 ア She was sleeping.  
 イ She was trying to do her homework.  
 ウ She was reading a book about sleeping time.  
 エ She was feeling heavy.
- ② What percent of Japanese people go to bed after 1:00 a.m.?  
 ア 34%      イ 26%      ウ 61%      エ 43%
- ③ How long do Japanese people sleep?  
 ア They sleep for about 9 hours.  
 イ They sleep a lot.  
 ウ They sleep for 8.1 hours.  
 エ They sleep for 7.7 hours.

①	
②	
③	

【解答】

- 1 (1) イ (2) ウ (3) エ (4) to  
 2 (1) ① × ② ○ ③ ○ ④ × ⑤ ×  
 (2) ① イ ② イ ③ エ